PART I.

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, REVENUE, AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873

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Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Re...
1 to 2	*Boundary Marks.* Letter from Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the subject, forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions for circulation to the District Officers, with the intimation that they will in future be expected to cause the same to be promptly erected.	No. 5046—45. dated 5th Dec. 1873.	...		1 ...
3 to 4	*Sayer Establishment in the Nundydroog Division.* Sanctioning the temporary establishment at a cost of Rs. 20 per mensem in the Kolar District and requesting to state definitely what temporary establishment would be required for the Toomkoor District.	No. 5045—113, dated 5th Dec. 1873	...	..	3
5	*Orthography of Indian Proper Names.* Submitting list of names of places in Mysore, prepared on the system which it is proposed to adopt for this Province, to the Government of India, Agricultural Department.	No 5142--144 dated 11th Dec 1873.			

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, dated Poona, 29th October 1873.

With reference to the appended memo of the Chief Commissioner on the subject of the mode to be adopted for the future of erecting boundary marks, I beg to make the following observations.

2. In my *memo No 356, dated 7th March last, I pointed out that there were three courses available for the erection of boundary marks.

* Printed with Secretary's Memo No. 854—5 of 19th May last.

(1.) The employment of an outside contractor, who brings some labor with him and supplements this with the labor of any one he can get to work. This is an expensive and objectionable mode; the rate demanded is always high, and of the money spent a very small part goes to the villagers while the whole is eventually recovered from them.

(2.) The employment of a man of the village as contractor, he getting the work done with the aid of the labor of the village. This plan is free from most of the objections to the first plan. The contractor is content with a small margin on the sum he has to pay to the laborers employed, and all the money spent goes into the village.

(3.) Villagers putting up their own marks: this they can either do with their own hands or by hiring those of their fellow villagers who are willing to work for hire. This is the cheapest system of all for the people, and this they are beginning to find out for themselves as it is being more and more largely resorted to of late. The difficulty is that the villagers will often consent to put up the marks of their own fields, but will refuse to have any thing to do with those of Government waste or those belonging to the lands of other villagers who neglect to put up their marks.

3. Still I believe that, with the aid and active co-operation of the District officials, the third or last plan can be worked either alone or in combination with the second plan.

4. It is absolutely essential that the boundary marks be put up at once after the measurement of a field is completed; they should certainly be all ready with in five or six days after measurement at the longest. This cannot be effected without a combination, each helping his neighbour with the erection of his marks and receiving similar help in his turn, or by the villagers, if they will not work themselves, arranging for a small supply of labor. It will not answer for one man to engage to put up his own marks within a given time and then fail to keep his promise, for another to decline to erect his own marks and necessitate hired labor being called in, endless delay and waste of the measurers' time is then caused and it becomes impossible to properly calculate the distribution of the cost of erecting marks over the survey fields which they respectively define.

5. It is necessary that there be one system in a village, and that the marks be erected in a moderate time, say five or six days at most after measurement. The measurer has to inspect every mark, a record of each of which is in his field book, and state that he has inspected it on a certain date and found it correct. If the permanent marks are not put up promptly, the spots marked for them are liable to accident or to be tampered with, disputes and doubts arise, and the measurer is detained in the village after all his other work is finished in order to complete his boundary mark inspection; all great evils and the latter the cause of waste of the measurer's time and consequent increase of expense.

6. The power and influence of District Officers in Mysore is great, the miles and miles of road side trees planted and kept up is an evidence of this. If it is clearly understood by the people that the District Officers intend that they shall put up their marks it will certainly be done. I fully agree with the remark recently made to me regarding this by one of the most experienced Native Deputy Commissioners. "If I could not get such a work done I should consider myself unfit to hold charge of a "District."

7. Under most circumstances it is necessary to pay for the marks in Government waste land and in deserted villages, or villages with no inhabited site the lands of which are ordinarily to some extent occupied by the people of adjacent villages. Moreover as one man will work and another will not or cannot, payment for the work done will I think ordinarily be found the most convenient course.

8. If however any village should state that they will put up their own marks and desire no payment, but what labor is required they will pay themselves, and two or three responsible inhabitants will give security in some small sum for the marks being put up within the required time, I would gladly accede to their request; if they fulfilled their promise we should be saved much trouble in keeping accounts

of the distribution of the marks. The only sum to be collected from the village in this case would be the pay of the boundary mark peon, who goes with the villagers day by day and shews them the points on which to erect marks and a small charge to meet contingencies. The total charge would never exceed two or three annas per survey field unless the villagers delayed in erecting their marks, and a man had to be kept an inordinate time in a village to complete the marks, the measurer going away leaving the marks uninspected and returning when informed that they were ready.

9. Thus, when the people will agree to arrange for putting up their own marks without any payment, I would most certainly let them do so; but it is often found that they will agree and not fulfil their agreement after causing much trouble and delay, and consequently after some cases of this kind have occurred in a taluk, it is evident that it is useless to trust to this plan, as nothing but waste of time will result.

10. Then plan No. 2 is an available resource, one of the villagers taking the management of the work at so much per bánd; with the aid of the District Officers this plan could always be worked.

11. The first point is the fixing the cash rate to be paid for each bánd; beyond all doubt one unskilled laborer can put up one bánd in an easy day, and one day's wages at the rate current in the taluk is ample payment for one bánd. Waddars and skilled laborers can do much more than the above; but this is the very class we don't want to employ, as they demand exorbitant rates and carry the money away from the country.

12. It is in fixing the rate to be paid for bánds that the aid of the influence of the District Officers will first come in, and I believe that if a rate is fixed at from three to four annas per bánd, and the villagers are required to put up the bánds themselves at that rate and know that standing out for more is useless, they will be readily put up and no hardship will be inflicted. There is plenty of unemployed labor available in nearly every village, and three to four annas a day should recompense it fully in nearly every part of Mysore excepting perhaps the Nagar Malnad.

13. I may mention that all completed marks are paid for weekly; the Assistant Superintendent is required to pay the head laborers himself unless the village should happen to be very distant from his camp, in which case the Amildar is directed to make the payment. It is a standing and invariable rule that no money whatever is entrusted to any measurer to pay for marks.

14. The sum of what I propose is as follows:—

1st. That when the people will agree to put up all the marks of the lands of their village in proper time and to give security for the same, they should be allowed to do so.

15. But when the above plan proves unworkable, a moderate rate per bánd shall be fixed by the District Officer in communication with the Survey Officer, and some inhabitant of the village, the Patel ordinarily, shall be required to undertake the work. The work done will be paid for weekly. There would be no objection or difficulty about giving a small advance if shewn to be necessary, but this would rarely be the case, and when not really required it would be inexpedient.

16. No plan will work without the real co-operation of the District Officers; if they will interest themselves in the matter all difficulties will vanish, and any reasonable plan will become workable.

No. 5046.—Rev. 46, dated Bangalore, 5th December 1873.

Order thereon.—Ordered, that copies of the above letter be forwarded to the Divisional Commissioners for circulation to District Officers, who should be informed that they will in future be expected to cause the boundary marks to be promptly erected, which, the Offg. Chief Commissioner believes, can, with a little attention, be easily arranged for by them.

2. The second of the methods described by Colonel Anderson, *viz.*, the employment of an influential man of the village as contractor, appears to Mr. Gordon to be on the whole the best for the villagers as also for the Survey Department. It should, therefore, be adopted generally, and on timely notice being received, which must be given by the Survey Department, the Civil Authorities should give their best efforts to have the work done as quickly and as economically as possible.

3. Where, however, the course prescribed in the preceding para may, from the smallness of the villages, their distance apart or other local causes, be not practicable, some special arrangements, such as, one contractor undertaking the work of several villages, or any other which may appear the best under the circumstances, can be devised. But it should be clearly understood that such special arrangements will be regarded as the exception, and that the course prescribed (Method No. 2 of Colonel Anderson's letter) must be followed as the rule.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, To the Offg Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 134, Revenue dated Bangalore, 8th November 1873.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3233—Rev. 88 of 15th September, directing the submission of a proposition statement for a special sayer establishment in all the taluks of the Bangalore District, I have the honor to state for the Chief Commissioner's information, that a copy of the above Proceedings having been forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Toomkoor, as well as to the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore for consideration and report, Mr. Krishnaiengar with due regard to the Chief Commissioner's proposition to abolish sayer duties on piece-goods, &c., asks, as a temporary measure, for an establishment of four kolkars at 5 Rs. each per mensem, for the taluks of Sidlagatta, and Chikballapur, to be employed only for 4 months in a year, *viz.* from 1st November to the end of February for collecting duty on opium, and Major Mottet, in order to remedy the evils complained of in his Memorandum of 27th May last, copy of which was forwarded with this office letter No. 41, Revenue, of 10th June 1873, and to introduce a better system of collecting sayer duties, recommends the establishment of a special agency for his District also, and in the interim, requests the very earliest sanction to his appointing Sayer Inspectors of his own selection to the Taluks of Honnavalli, Chiknayakanhalli and Sira, and paying them 10 per cent *only of any increase* of sayer revenue in those taluks *over* that of last year, but the adoption of the latter measure is questionable. The duty had better be disposed of by officials on the permanent taluk establishments specially deputed for the purpose over whom the Government could exercise due control.

2. Under the above circumstances, I beg you will do me the favor to obtain the Chief Commissioner's instructions on the proposals of the Kolar and Toomkoor Deputy Commissioners, and also whether the submission of the proposition statements called for in the Proceedings under reference may be deferred pending the Chief Commissioner's action on his proposal to abolish sayer duties on the articles referred to in his (Chief Commissioner's) order No. 4 of 3rd ultimo, a reply to which will be submitted in due course.

No. 5045—Rev. 143, dated Bangalore, 5th December 1873.

Order thereon.—The temporary establishment at a cost of 20 Rs. per mensem requested for the Kolar District is sanctioned.

2. The Commissioner of the Division is desired to submit definitely what temporary establishment is required for the Toomkoor District. Such establishment should be paid fixed salaries, and not in the manner proposed by the Deputy Commissioner of Toomkoor.

3. The proposition statement called for need not be delayed till the question of the abolition of certain sayer duties is settled.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce, 11th December 1873.

No. 5142.
114.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, 11*th December* 1873.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, REVENUE, AND COMMERCE,
CALCUTTA.

SIR,

Adverting to the marginally * noted orders of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture, Revenue and Commerce, I have the honor, by direction of the Officiating Chief Commissioner, to submit for the approval of His Excellency in Council a list of names of places in Mysore prepared on the system of orthography which it is proposed to adopt for this Province.

*Circular, dated 17th October 1872, No. 15—414.
Resolution, dated 24th August 1873, No. illegible

2. In applying his system to the Kanarese language Mr. Hunter, owing perhaps to his unfamiliarity with the language, appears to have been in some cases inconsistent in his mode of transliteration. The inconsistencies principally occur in the common termination of the names of towns and villages, and for this reason it has been found impossible to extract from the list of names published in Dr. Hunter's guide a general rule which would apply to other names with a similar termination. For example, the termination *puram* is sometimes rendered by Mr. Hunter "*puram*", sometimes *pur*.

No.	49	Amla*puram* is given Amla*pur*.
„	1542	Pedda*puram* is Pedda*pur*.
„	1171	Mallap*puram* is Mallap*puram*.
„	1525	Parvati*puram* is Parvati*puram*.

The changes both in accents and letters which "uru" and ur (both the same termination) go through are puzzling.

No.	16	Attúrú	in	Col. IV	Atur.	No accent.
„	46	Ambúrú	„	„	Ambur	
„	2001	Tirupporúrú	„	„	Tirupporûr	
„	1551	Perambalúrú	„	„	Perambulûr	
„	2033	Torgúrú	„	„	Torgor	Same, u & accent omitted.
„	2039	Tiruvallúrú	„	„	Trivallor	
„	384	Cheyyúrú	„	„	Cheyûr	
„	1358	Nagúrú	„	„	Nagur	
„	359	Karûr	„	„	Karûr	
„	375	Chandûr	„	„	Chandûr	
„	707	Gudúrú	„	„	Gudur	No accent.
„	358	Jhujhúru	„	„	Jhujhur	

Peta is given both as peta and pet.

No.	324	Bar*peta*	in	Col. IV	Bar*peta*
„	2135	Chunam*peta*	„	„	Chunam*pet*

Again with kote (a fort) a common termination in Mysore.

No.	362	Kasrall *kot*	in	Col IV	is Kasrall *kot*.
„	363	Kasim *kot*	„	„	Kassim *kottah*.
„	1751	Chamarla *kot*	„	„	Samal *kota*.
„	503	Denkanu *kot*	„	„	Denkan *kote*.

3. Owing to these discrepancies it appears doubtful whether Mr. Hunter intended in all cases to preserve the terminal vowel. The Officiating Chief Commissioner is of opinion not only that the terminal vowel may be in many cases dispensed with to advantage but also that, for reasons which will be explained hereafter, inflections occurring in the middle of a compound word may as a general rule be struck out.

4. A strict adherence to the general rule laid down by His Excellency the Governor General in Council in para six of your letter, dated 17th October 1872, No. 15—414, would often entail the retention in names of several letters which are not audibly pronounced in the vernacular and are in no way essential to the identification of the name. If these letters are retained in the English spelling of the name, the word becomes unduly and unnecessarily long. A glance of the list now forwarded will shew that the Kanarese vocabulary of proper names already contains several words of very great length, and it is expedient for many reasons that these should, where possible, be shortened. The Survey Department in the course of its operations will record the names of every village in the Province, and the great disadvantage of burdening the survey maps with useless letters is self evident.

5. An examination of the list will shew that the majority of Kanarese names of places are formed by the combination of two or more words; the first word often in the genitive case. When each of these component words is accurately transliterated the inherent "a" is rendered, which seems unnecessary. For example, Arakalagudu. By omitting the final a in *ara* and *kalu* and the final u in *gudu*, each component word would be reduced to its radical form, and without danger either to its proper pronounciation or identification Arakalagudu would become Arkalgud, and be rendered by eight letters instead of 11.

Again.—

Bettadapura, (*i. e.* the town of the hill. Bettada is the genitive case of betta) would be Bettad-pur.

6. The Officiating Chief Commissioner is of opinion that some simple but definite rules for the spelling of names not entered in the list should be published.

7. The following rules in accordance with which the spelling of the names in column three has been determined may, therefore, Mr. Gordon considers, be with advantage adopted.

Rule I. Names or their component parts are to be spelt in their radical form.

For example.

Ara kalu gudu would be spelt Arakalgúd: Anekallu would be spelt Anekal.

Rule II. Where part of a name is in the Kanarese genitive case, only the characteristic consonant of such case is to be retained, *i. e.* the "inherent a" is to be omitted.

For example.

Bettadapur would be Bettadpur: Devanahalli would be Devanhalli.

Rule III. The common prefix Dodda to be rendered Dod, Chikka (small) Chik, Hosa (new) Hos.

Rule IV. Accents are only to be employed when they are necessary to prevent misconception as to the syllable of the word on which the accent falls.

Rule V. In all other respects the system of Mr. Hunter is to be followed except in the case of names of historical notoriety, which will continue to be spelt according to the common practice of the English.

Should His Excellency in Council approve of these rules, the Officiating Chief Commissioner will cause the list forwarded herewith prefixed by a statement of the rules, to be generally distributed through the Province and posted in every cutcherry as a guide to the future spelling of proper names, and it is hoped that by this means uniformity of practice will be secured, and a satisfactory settlement of a vexatious and long pending question effected.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. W. WELLESLEY,

Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

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Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 10th December 1873.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 492—Finl. 48, dated Yelwal, 9th November 1873.

I have the honor to submit herewith for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copies of the marginally noted letters from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, on the subject of the repairs of Lakshmi Janardanaswami Temple in the Bailhalli Village, Hassan Taluk, and request you will be good enough to solicit the Chief Commissioner's instructions whether, under the rules published in General Circular No. 4, dated 3rd October 1871, contribution in labor or materials, towards the repair of a temple, may be accepted by the Muzrayi Department.

No. 602, dated 8th September 1873.
No. 786, dated 7th November 1873.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 602, dated Hassan, 8th September 1873.

I have the honor to forward a copy of the Muzrayi Officer's letter No. 26 of the 18th ultimo, reporting upon the petition of the villagers of Bailhalli in the Hassan Taluk praying for the repair of the Lakshmi Janardanaswami Temple, and, with reference to para C of the Chief Commissioner's General Circular No. 4, dated the 3rd October 1871, which lays down that in such cases half of the cost of repair should be paid *in cash* by the persons interested, to request instructions as to whether the offer of the villagers to contribute to the work by supplying materials, &c., to the value of a moiety of the estimated cost, can be accepted.

From the Muzrayi Officer, Hassan District, To the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, No. 26, dated 18th July 1873.

With reference to your docket No. 692, dated 11th January last, forwarding a petition addressed by the villagers of Bailhalli in the Hassan Taluk, praying for the repair of the Lakshmi Janardanaswami Temple in the said village, I have the honor to submit herewith a report from the Amildar of the Hassan Taluk (No. 57, dated 28th ultimo) with an estimate for Rs. 125—2—0, from which it would appear that the inhabitants plead their inability to pay in cash half of the amount of the estimate as required by the Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 4, dated 3rd October 1871—72, but they agree to supply materials equal to the value of their share.

The Devastan in question is endowed with a jodi land of Rs. 75—12—1 from Government, and has a sum of Rs. 185—8—2 at its credit under the surplus head, and as it is doubtful whether even in such cases contributions ought to be obtained, I solicit definite instructions on the subject.

The petition referred to is herewith returned.

From the Officiating Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 786, dated Hassan, 7th November 1873.

In reply to your letter No. 476, dated 13th September 1873, I have the honor to submit that the Officer in charge of the Muzrayi Department has reported, in his letter No. 40, dated 27th October 1873, that Lakshmi Janardanaswami temple does not enjoy any monthly allowance in cash from the Muzrayi Department; but that it is endowed with a jodi land, yielding annually a sum of Rs. 75—12—1. He therefore proposes that a part of the estimated outlay of the repairs required, minus the value of the materials promised by the inhabitants, may be met out of the Rs. 185—8—2, the amount of the savings effected from the jodi land, and which forms a portion of the general surplus fund, *viz.* Rs. 17,077—11—6 in hand up to 30th September 1873.

2. The Amildar's arzi, and the estimate referred to in para 2 of the letter under reply, are herewith submitted.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 10th December 1873.

No. 5110—Finl. 6, dated Bangalore, 10th December 1873.

Order thereon.—With the foregoing letter the Commissioner of Ashtagram submits a copy of correspondence between himself, the Deputy Commissioner, and the Muzrayi Officer of the Hassan District, regarding the restoration of Lakshmi Janardanaswami Temple in the Bailhalli village, and enquires in a general way whether the contribution towards the repair of a temple demanded under the authority of General Circular No. 4 of 3rd October 1871, may be accepted in labor or materials as well as in cash.

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner sees no objection to the circular referred to being thus liberally interpreted, provided that the contribution, in whatever shape offered, is fully equal in value to the fixed proportion falling on the temple managers or interested communities. The offer now made by the inhabitants of Bailhalli may therefore be accepted; but the Muzrayi Officer should satisfy himself beforehand that the materials offered are sound and bear the money value which they may be alleged to represent.

3. There is no necessity in the present instance to indent upon the State funds for a grant to supplement the resources of the villagers, as it is observed that there is a surplus of Rs. 185—8—2 at credit of the temple, from which a moiety of the estimated cost should be drawn.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Officiating Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 2126—228, dated Bangalore, 28th November 1873.

I have the honor to forward for the favorable consideration and orders of the Chief Commissioner, a *docket with its enclosures, in original, (to be obligingly returned) from the Commissioner of Nundydroog, regarding clothing to be supplied to the Kandachar Police of the Bangalore District for the year 1873—74.

* No. 535, dated the 6th instant.

2. The estimate amounting to Rs. 2,360—7—0 provides for belts, bamboo latha batons, electroplated buttons and turbands for the whole of the Kandachar Force, and warm coats for the Killedars and Hoblidars.

3. The Chief Commissioner, in the letter marginally cited, sanctioned the following articles for the Kandachar at the cost of Government. A warm coat, biennially, belts, whistles and batons, at the prescribed or usual intervals.

No. 3335—207, dated 5th October 1871.

4. In the present estimate, Major Gompertz has included turbands for the men, which, though not in the sanctioned list, yet form an important and distinctive feature of uniform. The cost for these can be met from the saving effected in whistles and batons, and the amount in deposit belonging to the men, as referred to in para 6 of Major Gompertz's letter to the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore, is stated to be Rs. 513—14—6, which will cover $\frac{5}{8}$ths of their cost.

5. It will be seen that warm coats for Daffedars and peons have not been included in the estimate, as provision has already been made for cloth for warm coats for them in an indent on the Secretary of State, and they will be supplied to them next year.

6. The amount provided in the Budget for 1873—74, for the clothing of the Kandachar, is Rs. 2,000, and if this amount is supplemented by the sum of Rs. 513—14—6, now in deposit belonging to the men, it will more than cover the estimate submitted by Major Gompertz.

7. In conclusion, I would beg to recommend that the allotment of clothing for the Kandachar may, as recommended by Major Gompertz, be fixed at one warm coat, one turband, and one cloth cross-belt to be supplied biennially, in modification of the allotment sanctioned in your letter No. 3335—207, dated 5th October 1871, leaving the men to supply themselves with all other articles of clothing.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 11*th December* 1873.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, No. 535, dated 6th November 1873.

Has the honor to forward for sanction, copy of a letter No. 704—295 of the 3rd September 1873 from the Superintendent of Police to the address of the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore, together, with its enclosures, regarding the cost of clothing for the District Kandachar Police for the year 1873—74.

From the Officiating Town and Cantonment Magistrate, in charge of Police, To the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, No. 704—295, dated Bangalore, 3rd September 1873.

I have the honor to address you on the subject of clothing for the Kandachar Police.

In October 1871, the Chief Commissioner admitted the proposition of providing the Kandachar with clothing to the extent of a warm coat biennially, as also belts, batons and whistles at periods to be fixed after due report, and under the Chief Commissioner's orders an allotment was made for the same, namely :—

	Rs.
For whistles and batons	900
„ Belts	750
„ Warm coats	2,800
Total..	4,450

I beg to submit an exact copy of the document on which the Chief Commissioner's remarks are engrossed.

2. In my letter to the Judicial Commissioner of 10th May 1872, (No. 121—2, para 4.) I pointed out that whistles and batons were not required for rural police, and that a stout bamboo "latha," which would answer all useful purposes and serve also for protection against dogs and snakes, would be a more suitable and inexpensive weapon ; this was approved in letter No. 480—64 of the 22nd May 1872 from the Judicial Commissioner.

3. The only clothing the Kandachar possess is what they have paid for themselves, namely, warm coats, trowsers, turbands and belts ; these are now in wear, and as they may last during this official year, I did not budget for another issue of warm coats to them this year. For the next official year I have included cloth for warm coats in an indent submitted to the Secretary of State ; this will be the first biennial issue sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner. It will suffice for Daffedars and peons only exclusive of Killedars and Hobldars.

4. In Mr. Mangles' scheme (para 9), the issue of uniform to *all ranks* of the Kandachar at the expense of Government is sanctioned, and Rs. 2,000 has been provided for the purpose in this year's budget. Besides this allotment, I have in deposit the sum of Rs. 513—14—6, being the balance of numerous small amounts collected from the men for some years past, on account of the clothing supplied to them at their own cost. This money belongs to them, but so many changes have occurred while this money was in course of collection, and since, that it would be impossible to return to each the exact quota overpaid, I would therefore propose, on the ground that clothing is now provided by the State, this sum be added to the existing budget provision of Rs. 2,000, which will make a total of Rs. 2,513—14—6.

5. With this sum now available for appropriation, I beg to submit an estimate for Rs. 2,360—7—0 for belts, bamboo "latha" batons, electroplated buttons and turbands for the whole Kandachar, and also for warm coats for Killedars and Hoblidars, the Daffedars and men getting their warm coats next year as per latter part of para 3 of this letter.

6. Turbands were not included in the Chief Commissioner's sanction, but they form an important and distinctive feature of uniform, and not only can their cost be defrayed by the saving in whistles and batons, but the sum belonging to the men, namely, Rs. 513-14-6, will defray $\frac{1}{5}$ths of the cost of the item.

7. I beg to propose the allotment of clothing for the Kandachar be fixed at one warm coat like the Town Police, one turband and one cloth cross-belt biennially, leaving other articles of personal clothing to be found by themselves.

8. The bamboo "latha" baton I propose to provide for them is about 3 feet long and 1 inch thick, tipped with brass or with a brass or tin band in centre, on which the name of the taluk and taluk number of the peon can be engraved ; these arms can be made up at from six to eight annas each, and once issued should last for years.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
11th December 1873.

Estimate of the Police Clothing for the Revised Bangalore District Police for the year 1871—72.

No.	Particulars of Clothing.	Cost of each.	Total Cost.	Remarks.
25	Warm coats for Hoblidars	8 0 0	200 0 0	A warm coat will be supplied biennially to all classes of the Police at the charge of the State at such charge as may be authorized by Government.
570	Do do for Daffedars and Peons ...	6 4 0	3,562 8 0	
1190	White drill suits for Hoblidars, Daffedars and Peons	2 8 0	2,975 0 0	
25	Pairs of boots for Hoblidars ...	3 0 0	75 0 0	
570	Do of sandals for Daffedars and Peons .	1 8 0	855 0 0	Belts, whistles and batons will also be supplied at such periods as may be fixed after due report.
595	Belts for Hoblidars, Daffedars and Peons .	1 4 0	743 12 0	
25	Turbands (red with lace) for Hoblidars ...	6 0 0	150 0 0	
570	Do (red) for Daffedars and Peons...	1 8 0	855 0 0	
595	Whistles for Hoblidars, Daffedars and Peons	0 12 0	446 4 0	All other articles of personal clothing must be provided by the men themselves.
570	Batons for Daffedars and Peons ...	0 12 0	427 8 0	
	Total Rs		10,290 0 0	3—10—71. (Signed) R. J. Meade, *Chief Commissioner.*

Estimate of the Cost of Clothing for the District Kandachar Police for the year 1873—74.

	No.	Items.	Rate per yard or article.	Total Cost.
As per pattern shewn to and approved by Mr. Maugles.	243/4	Yards of superfine blue cloth for 14 Killedars at 1 3/4 yards each ...	7 0 0	171 8 0
	112	Yards of one inch blue worsted braid for Killedars' coats ...	0 12 0	84 0 0
	14	Yards of alpacca for do	0 12 0	10 8 0
	14	Yards of chintz for sleeve lining for do	0 6 0	5 4 0
	14	Pairs of collar badges worked in silver with the word "Inspector" at one pair per man	1 8 0	21 0 0
		Making the above coats	2 0 0	28 0 0
Pattern can be shewn for approval.	44	Yards of blue cloth for 25 Hoblidars' coats	4 8 0	198 0 0
	25	Silver chevrons of 3 stripes for Hoblidars' coats	1 1 0	26 9 0
		Making the above coats	1 0 0	25 0 0
	490	Turbands for peons	1 8 0	735 0 0
	80	Turbands for Daffedars	1 11 0	135 0 0
	570	Bamboo latha batons	0 8 0	285 0 0
	3045	Electroplated buttons for all ranks of the Force at 5 per man ...	0 0 8	126 14 0
	490	Belts for Peons	0 14 0	428 12 0
	80	Belts for Daffedars	1 0 0	80 0 0
		Total Rs... ...		2,360 7 0

No. 5145—Finl. 444, dated Bangalore, 11th December 1873.

Order thereon.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner approves of the suggestions contained in the foregoing letter, and sanctions the estimate for Rs. 2,360—7—0 submitted therewith.

Docket No. 535, dated 6th November 1873, with its three enclosures, from the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, is herewith returned.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 11th December 1873.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 473—Financial 42, dated Yelwal, 12th November 1873.

The period for which the special establishment for the collection of sayer duties in the Periyapatna Taluk was sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner in your docket No. 4812—54, dated 1st January 1872, having expired on the 1st October 1873, I have the honor to submit herewith copy of letter, * No. 753 of the 3rd instant, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, reporting on its working from the date of its formation, and recommending, for reasons therein assigned the desirability of placing the same on a permanent footing.

* together with its enclosure in original.

2. The unsatisfactory state of the sayer collection throughout the District having frequently formed the subject of correspondence, and as no increase has been effected in the sayer revenue in the Periyapatna Taluk from the date of appointment of the special establishment, I cannot entertain any sanguine hopes of success of the above measure for the future, and am about to submit for the consideration of the Chief Commissioner, a definite proposal to rent out the sayer items in this Division.

In the meantime, however, as the Deputy Accountant General refuses to pass any expenditure on account of the establishment alluded to, I request you will have the goodness to obtain the sanction of the Chief Commissioner for its retention until the end of March 1874, or until further orders.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 753, dated Mysore, 3rd November 1873.

Adverting to your office letter No. 976 of the 15th January 1872, conveying the Chief Commissioner's sanction for the retention for a further period of two years of the special establishment employed in the collection of the sayer duties in the Periyapatna Taluk, and requiring a report being submitted at the expiration of this period, I have the honor to report as follows.

2. This establishment was originally proposed by Mr. Ricketts, when he was Offg. Deputy Superintendent of this District, for the exclusive collection of tobacco duty in three Hoblis of the Periyapatna Taluk, as there had been a steady falling off in this item of revenue during some years past. The Chief Commissioner in according his sanction to the proposed scheme, as an experimental measure for one year, required that the collection of all the sayer duties throughout the taluk should be carried out by this special agency. The Chief Commissioner's sanction was therefore obtained for a slight addition to the number of the Sayer Kattes proposed to be opened, and the establishment was first entertained in the month of October 1870, at a cost of Rs. 146 per mensem.

3. From a reference to the report No. 668 submitted from this office on the 8th December 1871, it will be seen that the result of the working of this special establishment during the first year of its existence (*viz*: from October 1870 to September 1871) was not satisfactory, as there was a decrease in the amount of the sayer duty collected. The Amildar attributed this falling off to various causes. It was however thought expedient to give this establishment a further trial for two years. This further period having expired, it remains for me to say what results have attended the working of this special establishment. It will be observed from the enclosed statement that the total realization of the sayer revenue from October 1870 to July 1873 is Rs. 55,417—5—2, against Rs. 52,988—11—10 collected from October 1867 to July 1870, thus giving an average of Rs. 19,558—15—6 and Rs. 18,701—14—6 per annum in the two periods respectively. Deducting the cost of the establishment, there is still a net annual increase of Rs. 492—4—7 over since the special agency was organized.

5. The result may be considered to be on the whole satisfactory, especially when it is borne in mind that the year 1870—71 was exceptionally unfavorable to the tobacco crops, as reported in my letter No. 668 of the 8th December 1871.

6. The principal causes for the falling off in recent years of the tobacco cultivation are the failure of seasonable rains, and small demand for Mysore grown tobacco, which being highly taxed, and moreover of an inferior quality, is not in much request in Her Majesty's Territories, where the superior and cheaper kind of indigenous tobacco is preferred. The special establishment is under the present circumstances working fairly, and I would recommend its being placed on a permanent basis, as besides the increase obtained in the amount of tobacco duty during the period it has been in existence, the department has been of great use in preventing smuggling and meeting the convenience of the ryots, who had formerly to hunt up the Shekdars who were frequently absent from their head quarters to obtain their Rahadaris.

The Periyapatna Taluk is the only one in the District in which tobacco is largely grown, and it is highly desirable therefore that it should have special sayer establishment to conserve its sayer revenue, otherwise the supervision will be slack and the realizations will surely fall off.

Statement shewing the Results of the Working of the Special Establishment employed in the collection of the Sayer Revenue in the Periyapatna Taluk.

Prior to the entertainment of the special establishment.

Articles.	During 6 months from October 1867 to March 1868.			During one year from April 1868 to March 1869.			During one year from April 1869 to March 1870.			During 4 months from April to July 1870.			Total.			Since the entertainment of the special establishment. During 6 months from October 1870 to March 1871.		
	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment.	Commission.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Areca-nut ...	678 4 7			623 8 0			957 2 4			177 3 4			2,436 2 3			717 11 11		
2 Tobacco ...	4,306 0 1			14,268 0 8			25,518 7 5			5,465 14 2			49,558 6 4			7,876 0 7		
3 Opium ...	... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...		
4 Coccanut, dry ...	... ...			... ...			3 12 0			0 11 4			4 7 4			... ...		
5 Do fresh ...	95 4 4			144 11 5			192 2 9			29 10 10			459 13 4			59 15 4		
6 Betel-leaves ...	62 9 8			133 10 7			168 13 9			57 9 5			426 11 5			143 15 3		
7 Piece goods ...	47 2 10			18 1 8			31 4 0			4 10 8			101 3 2			39 6 0		
Total.....	5,193 5 6	186 0 0	256 6 6	15,188 0 4	372 0 0	746 4 0	26,871 10 3	372 0 0	1,305 3 9	5,735 11 9	124 0 0	285 4 0	52,989 11 10	1,054 0 0	2,593 2 3	8,887 1 1	878 0 0	... ...

Since the entertainment of the special establishment, *(Contd.)*

Articles.	During one year from April 1871 to March 1872.			During one year from April 1872 to March 1873.			During 4 months from April to July 1873.			Total.			Comparison. Increase.			Comparison. Decrease.		
	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission.	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission	Realization.	Cost of establishment	Commission.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Areca-nut ...	732 12 9			971 4 5			186 5 6			2,608 2 7			172 0 4			... ...		
2 Tobacco ...	22,564 8 5			15,165 10 0			5,434 5 3			51,040 8 3			1,482 1 11			... ...		
3 Opium ...	... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...			... ...		
4 Coccanut, dry ...	... ...			8 2 5			... ...			8 2 5			3 11 1			... ...		
5 Do fresh...	120 4 3			212 15 7			24 2 5			417 5 7			... ...			42 7 9		
6 Betel leaves...	324 5 7			503 4 0			165 2 9			1,156 11 7			723 0 2			... ...		
7 Piece goods ..	80 2 3			55 5 8			11 8 10			136 6 9			85 8 7			... ...		
Total.....	23,822 1 3	1,752 0 0	... ...	16,916 10 1	1,752 0 0	... ...	5,841 8 9	384 0 0	... ...	55,417 5 2	4,964 0 0	... ...	2,471 1 1	3,910 0 0	... ...	42 7 9	... ...	2,593 2 3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
18th December 1873.

No. 5144—Finl. 54, dated Bangalore, 11th December 1873.

Order thereon.—The Offg. Chief Commissioner sanctions the retention of the temporary establishment, and awaits the promised proposals from the Commissioner of the Division.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Order.—Ordered, that the following letter be forwarded to the Government of India, No. 5266—Finl. 150, dated Bangalore, 18th December 1873.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 5266.
150, F.

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Dated Bangalore, *18th December* 1873.

From

The Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
of Mysore.

To

The Under-Secretary to the Government of India,
Foreign Department,
CALCUTTA.

"Finance."

Sir,

With advertence to the concluding para of my letter No. 3870—Finl. 117, dated 15th October 1873, I am directed by the Offg. Chief Commissioner to state for the information of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, that from a deposition taken from the two individuals who have subscribed to the Hindustani petition, herewith returned, it would appear that they now deny that they ever had to pay the Municipal tax twice over for one and the same period, but that what they do resent is the imposition of a tax from which they had till lately been exempt. Thus, the chief ground of their complaint in the present petition is shewn on their own admission to be purely imaginary, and it has been already explained that with its growing expenditure the Municipality of the town of Mysore can ill-afford to recognize the exemptions in favor of particular classes which obtained under the old Mohatarfa Rules. Under these circumstances, the grievance of the petitioners, Mr. Gordon considers, is not valid.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
18th December 1873.

From the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore General Department, No. 2281, dated 7th November 1873.

I am directed to inform you that it has hitherto been the practice to enter in the Civil Budget certain lump sums under (1) Repairs to Travellers' Bungalows, and (2) Contingencies to Travellers' Bungalows, and to reserve the same for the Chief Commissioner's disposal; but as this has been productive of much unnecessary trouble and waste of time, from the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners having to submit for formal sanction estimates for every single work, however simple in its nature and trifling its amount, Mr. Gordon has determined that in future the grants be divided among the Commissioners of Divisions according to their requirements to be distributed by them as may appear necessary after consultation with the Deputy Commissioners, who would thus be enabled to sanction such work coming under the heads specified as may be necessary, merely sending notifications in the usual manner for acceptance by this Office.

II. The available grants under these heads can be ascertained from the Deputy Accountant General's Office; and I am to request that they may be distributed in accordance with the above orders, and the necessary intimation sent to the Commissioners of Divisions, and the Deputy Accountant General.

No. 5267—Fnl. 7, dated Bangalore, 18th December 1873.

Order thereon.—Ordered, that the foregoing letter be communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions and the Deputy Accountant General and their attention drawn to paras 1 and 2 respectively.

2. The distribution of the available grants will be made after the requirements of each Division are known.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 3	*Procedure to be followed in the execution of works for which contribution is promised by ryots.* Issuing instructions to the Nagar Commissioner on the subject.	No. 5143—166, dated 11th Dec. 1873.	...	...	1 to 2
4 to 6	*Letter from Nagar Commissioner soliciting instructions as to the manner in which loans due to temples should be recovered.* Passing orders on the above.	No. 5175—83, dated 13th Dec. 1873.	...	...	2 to 3
7	*Admission of Natives of India into the Civil Service.* Submitting opinion on the draft bill received from the Home Department on the subject.	No. 5331—37, dated 20th Dec. 1873.	...	..	4

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 11th December 1873.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nagar Division, To the Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, No. 207, dated Shimoga, 16th October 1873.

With reference to your Circular Memo No. 330—2179 of the 5th ultimo conveying instructions regarding the procedure to be followed in the execution of works for which contribution is promised by the ryots, I have the honor to state that the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga solicits instructions on the two following points; namely, 1st, whether the '*written engagement*,' directed to be taken in para 2 of the above Circular, should be on stamp-paper, and 2ndly, whether summary proceedings as in the case of revenue defaulters can be taken by the Deputy Commissioner to enforce the demand if the ryots fail to act up to the terms of their engagement.

As regards the 1st question, I believe the written engagement should be on stamp-paper as otherwise it will be wanting in formalities as will be binding upon the executors. If this is conceded the further question will be as regards the value of stamp. As these engagements will be of the nature of contracts entered into by or with Government, it follows they should be treated similar to toddy contract bonds; but the practice in this respect not being uniform in all the Districts of this Division, a reference was made to the Secretary in the General Department in this office docket No. 398—199, dated 6th November 1871, and reminder No. 105—60, dated 29th May 1872 to which no reply has been received. There will be little difficulty in disposing of the present question if the above reference is disposed of.

With reference to the 2nd point, I am of opinion summary proceedings should be taken against defaulting ryots as in the case of revenue defaulters, otherwise the action of the Civil Courts will be required to enforce the demand as directed in para V with all its attendant delays and expense; to say nothing of the time of Government servants being taken up in—first, suing in the Original Court, second, probably defending the appeal in the appellate Court, and not improbably a second appeal in a still higher appellate Court, all which could be dispensed with if the order be issued for summary proceedings being taken.

Circular Memorandum by the Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Irrigation Branch, To the Commissioners of Divisions, and Irrigation Executive Engineers, Circular No. 330—2179, dated Camp Mandya, 5th September 1873.

As the existing orders regarding the collection of contributions promised by ryots towards the repair of Irrigation Works have in practice led to considerable delay in carrying out necessary works, and much correspondence with the Revenue Officers regarding the realization of the ryots' quota, the Chief Commissioner directs that the following course be adopted in future, superseding the orders conveyed in this office Nos. 54, 55 and 56 of 3rd June 1869.

II. For every contribution, the ryot or ryots must enter into a written engagement to be duly executed with such formalities as will be binding on them, and in all cases specifying a certain period for its fulfilment.

III. When the contribution is stipulated to be given in cash, the estimate being sanctioned for the full value of the work as estimated for, will also shew the amount payable by the ryots. The amount of sanctioned estimate, and the amount recoverable from the ryots in cash, will be intimated by the sanctioning authority to the Deputy Accountant General and to the Controller, P. W. Accounts. The Deputy Accountant General will then debit the recoverable amount to a special head in the Civil Books under "Public Debt," such as "contributions for works recoverable from ryots," and will at the same time afford credit for the amount to the Public Works Department, advising the Deputy Commissioner of the District, who will be held primarily responsible for the recovery of the contribution in due course.

IV. The Controller will apply to the Deputy Accountant General for the necessary funds on ordinary credit orders in favor of the Executive Engineer, and on receiving advice from the Deputy Accountant General of the credit given to the Public Works Department in usual course, will make the necessary adjusting entries in the Public Works accounts. The recoveries as they are made, will be credited in the Civil accounts to the account to which the amount of contribution is charged.

V. In case of failure on the part of the ryots to pay up the full amount of cash contribution, within the time agreed to, it will be the Deputy Commissioner's duty at once to take steps to enforce the demand, and should the whole or any portion in any case prove to be irrecoverable, he will without delay apply for the Chief Commissioner's orders for the adjustment of the amount in such manner as may appear most desirable.

VI. When the contribution promised is in labor, the Mutchalika taken from the ryots is to specify the proportion of work to be executed month by month, commencing from the date on which after sanction, a statement of the particulars of the work they are to carry out has been furnished to them by the Executive or Assistant Engineer; also the portions to be taken in hand and completed first, and the work must be carried out strictly in accordance with this specification or with such orders as may afterwards be passed by the Executive or Assistant Engineer. Should this engagement not be worked up to, the Executive Engineer will give them formal notice that if within 15 days of receipt of such notice, all arrears be not worked out and such steps taken and labor collected as will in his opinion allow of the work being completed within the time specified, their work will be stopped, and undertaken departmentally, and the full balance of contribution, not worked out, collected by the Deputy Commissioner in cash.

This should be embodied in the original Mutchalika.

VII. When this procedure is necessary, the Executive Engineer will notify the amount to be recovered in cash to the Superintending Engineer, who will inform the Deputy Accountant General and Controller, and then the course followed will be precisely the same as if the contribution had been originally promised in cash.

No. 5143—Genl. 166, dated Bangalore, 11th December 1873.

Order thereon.—Section 5, Schedule I, of the General Stamp Act No. XVIII of 1869, regulates the value of the stamp paper on which ryots promising contributions towards the repair of irrigation works ought to execute their engagements.

2. The promised contributions if not duly paid should be collected by summary process as in the case of a revenue arrear.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 366—173, dated Shimoga, 31st October 1873.

I have the honor to state for the information of the Chief Commissioner, that a sum of Rs 60-0-6 is due to the Ramaswami temple at Hiremagalur in the Chikmagalur Taluk under two documents dated the 11th November 1847 and 13th April 1850, by two individuals who obtained the loans out of the Puduvat money of the temple in the name of which the documents stand. A small portion of the interest which has nearly doubled the principal was paid in 1858-59, and no time has been fixed for the repayment of the loan which with the interest has now to be recovered.

The documents are barred by the Limitation Rules, and the abandonment of the claim would be to the great loss of the Devastan, and be pleaded as a precedent in many similar cases, the result of which would materially tend to the complete exhaustion of the resources of Devastans.

Under these circumstances, I beg to be informed how the loans in question can be recovered, and whether properties may be summarily attached and sold in satisfaction of the dues.

In the majority of cases, Devastans have no committees of management, and if Government assistance is not given, there is no chance of the recovery of the sums.

I shall also feel obliged by the Chief Commissioner's orders being obtained as to the procedure which may be adopted in the recovery of rents due by cultivators of Devastan lands, and whether the private property of the defaulters may be seized to realize the demand. If Courts are made the medium for the recovery of the rent, there will be costs attendant on the institution of suits; and where the parties interested decline to sue, Government represented by the Muzrayi Assistant must of necessity be the party to the suits.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 13th December 1873.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 362—171, dated Shimoga, 31st October 1873.

I have the honor to solicit that the orders of the Chief Commissioner may be obtained on the following points.

Since the issue of orders directing the severance of the direct connection of Government with the management of Hindu temples, a Native Assistant Commissioner is placed in charge of temples, &c. and committees of management have been appointed to administer the funds and affairs connected therewith in the case of some temples.

Where committees are appointed, the revenues due to the temples are generally collected by them, and in some instances applications have been made for Government assistance for enforcing the recovery of their dues. Can such assistance be given and the property of the defaulters attached and sold in satisfaction of the arrears ?

Where no committees are nominated, can the same procedure as is in force in the case of the recovery of Government arrears be adopted by Government officials for recovering kandayam from the sub-tenants of temples, the temples having no other resource, and such institutions being in fact under the management of Government?

Although the interdiction on Government interference is in theory feasible, yet it will be very hard if the temple managers be directed in each instance to file regular suits against its sub-tenants.

No. 5175—Genl. 83, dated Bangalore, 13th December 1873.

Order thereon.—The questions submitted for orders in the letters recorded above are—firstly, whether Government may use summary procedure in order to recover on behalf of a temple money due on a bond the enforcement of which is barred by the Limitation Act; and, secondly, what course should be adopted for the recovery of overdue kandayam, in the case of temples the management of which is vested in the hands of a committee, and that of those under the direct superintendence of Government officers.

2. With regard to the first question the Officiating Chief Commissioner is of opinion that Government cannot exert its authority in the manner indicated, and that the determination of claims of this nature rests with the Civil Court. It is requested that a report may be submitted shewing the amount of similar Muzrayi outstandings on bonds; what portion of these are barred by the Limitation Act, and which of the Muzrayi Officers is responsible for thus lending on interest the funds at his disposal, which, Mr. Gordon considers, is a very irregular practice.

3. With reference to the 2nd point, the Officiating Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the procedure prescribed for the recovery of rent, &c., by proprietors of Sarvamanyam, Jodi and Kayamgutta villages may for the present be followed, the Government Officer concerned supplying the place of a manager or land-lord for the purposes of those rules in the case of temples the direct management of which, in the absence of committees, vests in Government hands.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 20th December 1873.

No. 5331.
37.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, 20*th December* 1873.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
CALCUTTA.

SIR,

In reply to your letter No. 64—3620 of the 3rd instant calling for the opinion of the Chief Commissioner on the Draft Rules framed under Statute 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, Section 6, for the employment of Natives of India, of proved merit and ability, in the Civil Offices under Government, which it is proposed to submit for the sanction of the Secretary of State, I am directed to state that, while concurring generally in the rules in question, the Officiating Chief Commissioner would venture to propose the addition to Rule I of the clause marginally noted, and to recommend that the term of probation provided for in Rule II be fixed at two years instead of one. He would moreover urge the expediency of a very gradual application of the proposed rules. Natives, he observes, can now enter the Covenanted Civil Service by competition; some have already been admitted, and many more doubtless will succeed in passing the competitive examination.

"Provided also that the number of Natives appointed under these Rules shall at no time exceed ten per cent of the total number of Civilians serving under each Local Government."

2. Mr. Gordon thinks that it could not fail to have a very baneful effect upon a service, constituted as the Civil Service now is, if the higher appointments to which Civilians fairly aspire were to be bestowed freely upon Natives who have not entered the service by the recognized channel of competition. Specially would this be the case at a time like the present when in parts of India great stagnancy of promotion exists in a service abounding with men of ability and training.

3. That the Natives of India have a claim to a larger share of responsible employment under Government than they now enjoy, may, Mr. Gordon thinks, be conceded; but it will not in his opinion be unjust to let this extension be gradual. In the interests of the Natives themselves this is desirable, for experience has shewn that no public benefit results from the too rapid advancement of Natives to positions of administrative responsibility for which they are scarcely ripe.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*Camp of Exercise.* Forwarding to the Madras Government copy of order issued by the Chief Commissioner relative to the food supply, &c., for the Native Troops and Camp followers.	No. 5237—44, dated 16th Dec. 1873.	...	...	1 to 2
2 to 3	Order to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, on the above subject.	No. 5238—4, dated 16th Dec. 1873.	...	...	2
4 to 6	*Letter from C. Narayanasramaiengar brmaing to notice the alarm felt by the villagers residing near the site of the proposed Camp of Exercise.* Passing orders on the above.	No. 5356—6, dated 20th Dec. 1873.	..	..	3 to 4
7	Letter to Assistant Adjutant General on the above subject.	No. 5357—104, dated 20th Dec. 1873.	...	...	4

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Military Department, 16th December 1873.

No. 5237.
Mil. 44.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, *16th December* 1873.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS,
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

I am directed to forward for the information of His Excellency the Governor in Council, a copy of an order, issued this day by the Offg. Chief Commissioner, relative to the food supply of the Native troops and camp followers at the approaching Camp of Exercise.

2. The letter of the Offg. Quarter Master General, dated 13th December, conveyed the first intimation to the Offg. Chief Commissioner that the duty of supplying "food and other requirements" to the Native troops would be thrown upon the Civil Authorities of Mysore. The information given appears to be deficient in some important respects; and in regard to the number of camp followers, it would seem probable that the followers of the European troops have not been included. Mr. Gordon regrets that this important requisition was not made at an earlier period, but every effort shall be made to collect suitable and sufficient supplies, and to make such arrangements as may conduce to the success of the Camp. With this end, you will observe that two Officers have been placed on special duty.

3. Should it occur to His Excellency in Council, that any thing has been insufficiently provided for, I am to request that early intimation may be given to the Offg. Chief Commissioner.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Officiating Quarter Master General, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 8845, dated Fort St. George, 13th December 1873.

With reference to your letter No. 5162—M. 98, dated 11th instant, I have the honor to inform you that the European troops only will be rationed by the Commissariat at the Camp of Exercise. The Native troops will, as on a line of march, have to purchase their own food, and I am directed to request that instructions may be issued for supplies to be taken to the sites of the camps, and bazars established there for the sale of food and other requirements to the Native troops and followers. The camps will be situated from 8 to 10 miles east of Bangalore. The exact sites can be ascertained from the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division, at Bangalore.

P. S.—The probable number of Natives will be:—

Troops	...	...	...	4,900
Followers	...	...	...	1,900
			Total.....	6,800

No. 5238—Mily. 4, dated Bangalore, 16th December 1873.

Order thereon.—In the above letter the Officiating Quarter Master General intimates that the duty of rationing the Native troops at the approaching Camp of Exercise will not be undertaken by the Military Authorities, and requests that "instructions may be issued "for supplies to be taken to the sites of the camps, and bazars established there for the "sale of food and other requirements to the Native troops and followers." The probable number of Native troops and followers is given at 6,800, but it seems probable that the number of followers is understated.

2. The Officiating Commissioner of Nundydroog should take immediate action on this requisition. He should endeavour to induce merchants of substance residing in Bangalore and the vicinity to come forward and engage to set up bazars well stocked with grain and the other food requirements of Native troops. He is authorized to assure merchants and others who may thus come forward that the Government will undertake to provide for the security of their goods at the camp. Should a sufficient number of merchants engage to proceed to the camp, it will not be necessary to regulate before hand the price at which the grain must be sold, for the matter may be safely left to the competition of private enterprize. The Officiating Commissioner should however report as soon as possible on this part of the question, for it is very important that the probable intentions and movements of the merchants should be known at an early period.

3. The sites of the bazars must be decided on by the Officiating Commissioner in communication with the Divisional Assistant Quarter Master General.

4. The Officiating Chief Commissioner resolves to place Captains Ludlow and Mackenzie on special duty in connection with the Camp. The former Officer will have charge of the arrangements for food supply, and to the latter will be assigned the supervision of Police duties and the Magisterial charge of the Camp. Both these Officers will be subordinate to the Commissioner of the Division, but on ordinary questions it will be convenient that they should correspond directly with the Deputy Commissioner.

5. As regards Police it will probably be necessary to appoint a special force in connection with the camp, and the requisite number of men might be detached from the Bangalore Police. In order to protect the bazar men and the surrounding villages a force of 100 men and 2 European Inspectors will probably be required. On this point the Deputy Inspector General of Police will report.

6. With reference to supplies great care must be taken that the ryots are not made to suffer, and that prompt payment is made for everything purchased on the spot. Should the Officiating Commissioner, either through the unwillingness of the bazar men to come forward, or through any unforeseen contingency, find it necessary to apply for funds, the Officiating Chief Commissioner will be prepared to authorize advances to him from time to time.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Military Department, 20th December 1873.

From the Assistant Translator of the Mysore Gazette Office, and a Land-holder in the Kallukere Village,
To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
dated Bangalore, 18th December 1873.

I hope it would not be viewed as officiousness on my part if I take upon myself the duty of representing myriads of village people whose object is quite unknown to Government as yet, when they do not join with me in the submission of the following to your honor, but as a member of the community at large I do the honor myself.

2. No doubt that the approaching Camp of Exercise in the vicinity of Kristnarajpur of the Bangalore Taluk has caused a great awe to the village community about 12 miles round Kristnarajpur, as evidenced by their being more or less inclined to sell away every morning their live stock, consisting of sheep, goat, &c., at anunusually low price, say half the price at which they generally sell in market, and thus become losers by half in value, but whole in number of the chief organ of their live stock of which they cannot afterwards make a re-purchase at the same price.

3. A body of ryots had a conference with me on Sunday last at Kallukere village about 3 or 4 miles beyond Cantonment, and they were representing me the insecurity of their lives and cattle, and especially of their sheep and goats, &c., which they said cost them much when purchased them, by reason that they are extremely terrified of the encampment of the Army, who, it is spoken of widely, would plunder their property and damage their lives ; and moved me to take their part, and represent them in this petition to your honor with a request that Government may be pleased to take preventive measures, in the absence of which ruin would be imminent.

4. It may not be surprising to say here that some time before Census was taken on the 14th November 1871, a tremendous disturbance of peace had been felt especially by villagers, who as a class are rude and illiterate, and my brother citizen B. Gangaiya, late of Judicial Commissioner's Office, now Amildar in the Shimoga District, laid this subject before the Chief Commissioner, who was pleased to order steps to be taken by publishing and affixing notices on some conspicuous part of every village mentioning the object of Government in taking Census. It was not however without some damage to ryots, as, under the pretence of a Census being taken, many people forming into a gang entered the ryots' houses by night with torches in hands and committed gross robbery. It is not therefore very improbable to think that people would on this occasion do harm in tenfold, as not less than 10 or 20 thousand people of the British Army will meet and sojourn for a month or so about Kristnarajpur. The fact of contractors' catching hold of village females, who carry things for sale at the market, and threatening them various ways to sell them the articles at the price they fix on, adds a little bit to their fear and aggravates it. It is more so by the recent occurrence of a theft which is still undetected of a few bundles of ragi ears from the stock near Horamavu adjacent to the Kallukere village, and at a distance of about 4 or 5 miles from Krishnarajpur.

5. Your honor may be aware that a ryot who fosters a great number of sheep, &c. can year by year increase his cultivation and thus become wealthy in the village, and is no better impoverished than by the deprivation of his live stock as above.

6. In conclusion, it is earnestly requested that Government would adopt similar to, and more desirable than, those steps taken prior to the above Census, so as to put down the immense fear entertained by people of the country and relieve them of anxieties.

No. 5356—Mily. 6, dated Bangalore, 20th December 1873.

Order thereon.—Under the circumstances brought to notice in the foregoing letter, the Officiating Chief Commissioner considers it desirable to print a few copies of the accompanying Proclamation and circulate them in the villages in the vicinity of Bangalore and of the proposed Camp, promising security to the ryots and their goods while the Camp of Exercise lasts. The General Commanding the Mysore Division will be addressed on the subject.

2. The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press is requested to strike off at once 300 copies of the accompanying Proclamation in Kanarese, and to forward them without delay to the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, who will take the neces-

sary steps for circulating them in the localities indicated above, and for removing the natural, though ill-grounded, apprehensions felt by the villagers.

3. C. Narayanaswamaiengar is thanked for his communication, and is requested to assure the villagers that their fears are groundless.

Ordered, that the following letter be addressed to the Assistant Adjutant General, Mysore Division.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, *20th December* 1873.

PROCLAMATION.

The Officiating Chief Commissioner has learnt that, owing to ill-grounded reports, certain of the ryots residing in the vicinity of the place where the Camp of Exercise is to be held, have deserted their villages and are selling off their agricultural stock.

The Officiating Chief Commissioner regrets that these persons should unnecessarily subject themselves to loss, owing to the incorrect statements of designing men.

He therefore desires to make it generally known that the ryots need be under no apprehension owing to the assemblage of Troops at the Camp.

It will be the duty of Government to protect the people from molestation, and, with this object, a body of Police will be stationed at the Camp, and all complaints will be carefully attended to.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 5357.
Mily. 104.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, *20th December* 1873.

FROM

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

To

THE ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL, MYSORE DIVISION.

SIR,

In forwarding for the information of the Major-General Commanding the Mysore Division, the accompanying copy of the Officiating Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of this day's date on the subject of a representation made on behalf of the villagers residing in the vicinity of the proposed Camp of Exercise, I am desired to suggest that orders may with advantage be issued to the Troops who will assemble at the Camp, with the object of preventing any improper treatment of the country-people by the Troops.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that for the present the Officiating Chief Commissioner would not disturb the existing arrangements in regard to the Cantonment Police administration further than is absolutely necessary, but that Captain Blair might, in addition to the duties of Cantonment Magistrate, be placed as a temporary measure in charge of the Police.	1st Dec. 1873.	
2	Notification directing certain officials in the Ashtagram Division to take down the evidence of witnesses in their own hands in the language noted opposite their names was gazetted, and copy sent to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	12th do	
3	Six warrants for the apprehension and rendition of certain parties said to be in the Bellary District, were returned duly countersigned to Nundydroog Commissioner.	16th do	
4	Copy of Government of India, Home Secretary's No. 4—337, on the subject of the preparation of descriptive rolls of convicts was, with reference to para 2, forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner for opinion.	17th do	
5	Notification appointing Mr. Assistant Commissioner Krishaswamiengar a Magistrate of the 1st Class, with additional powers, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
6	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner was unable, under the circumstances stated, to sanction an increase of the Bar for escort duty, &c. and further instructions were issued for the guidance of the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog in carrying out the provisions of para 5 of the new Police Rules.	22nd do	
7	A warrant for the apprehension of certain persons in the Bellary District was returned countersigned to the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division.	23rd do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *January* 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REVENUE, AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Three printed copies of the return of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 15th November 1873, were submitted to Agricultural Department Secretary to replace manuscript.	2nd Dec. 1873.	
2	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that, under the terms of the order of the Chief Commissioner dated 21st January 1870, no permission for the opening of new retail beer shops in Bangalore need be given until vacancies occur.	Do do	
3	On the representation of the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, sanction was accorded to an additional sum of Rs. 73, for temporary remuneration of the village officers in the Pavagada and Channagiri Taluks.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
4	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions on certain questions mooted in regard to the disbursement of inams commuted into cash payments, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was referred to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 4311—183 of the 3rd November 1873 defining the powers of temple committees, and the relations which should subsist between them and the Muzray Officers.	5th do	
6	In reply, the Officiating Commissioner, Nundydroog, was informed that the grounds urged were insufficient to warrant a compliance with his recommendation to remit the cost Rs. 1—2—4, incurred in affixing boundary marks to the land of one Mahomed Kasim of the Kengeri Taluk, and that therefore the amount should be recovered by the sale of the defaulter's holding if necessary.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar, was informed that any reasonable charge, which may be incurred by the Assistant Commissioner, Sagar Sub-Division, in the transmission of choice and interesting articles for competition at the forthcoming Exhibition at Madras, could be met from 26 miscellaneous, cost of Public Exhibitions.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
8	In sanctioning an estimate and plan for the construction of 2 latrines in the town of Shimoga, the Commissioner, Nagar, was informed that the cost of each latrine sanctioned in the current year's budget was Rs. 250 and not Rs. 450 as stated by him.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
9	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was accorded to the grant of 1 Gunta and 33 Sq. yards of Government unoccupied waste land to one Rachaiya for building purposes, in the Kestur village of the Dodballapur Taluk, Bangalore District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
10	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 30th November 1873, was submitted to the Government of India, Agricultural Department.	8th Dec. 1873.	
11	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to the Military Assistant, regarding land required for the extension of the Kunigal Farm.—Communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog.	Do do	
12	The usual fortnightly season report was telegraphed to the Government of India, Agricultural Department.	11th do	
13	The sanction of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, was solicited to the alienation of 4 pieces of dry land in the Kolar District for the construction of a new village.	Do do	
14	Three printed copies of the return of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 30th November, were submitted to the Government of India, Agricultural Department, to replace manuscripts.	15th do	
15	The Survey and Settlement Commissioner was requested to submit Disposition Lists of Officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey, for half year ending 30th September 1873, for submission to the Government of India.	Do do	
16	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 15th December 1873, was forwarded to the Agricultural Department.	20th do	
17	In reply the instructions of the Chief Commissioner, in a Revenue Case No. 5 on the file of the Nagar Commissioner, were communicated to that Officer.	23rd do	
18	Season Report for the fortnight ending 24th December 1873, was signalled to the Agricultural Department.	24th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, January 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, REVENUE, AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copy of a communication from the Government of India, Agricultural Department, accepting the explanation offered of the apparently scattered operations in planting in Mysore, and requesting the submission of a Map shewing how the plantations were grouped, &c., was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	1st Dec. 1873.	
2	In reply, sanction was accorded to the reduction proposed to be made in the price of bamboos from Rs. 6 to Rs. 5 per bandy of 400, and the Conservator was requested to submit further information on his other proposals.	3rd do	
3	Copy of a communication from the Government of India, Agricultural Department, requesting a report on the qualifications of Mr. Hicks, and the manner in which he had conducted his duties while employed in Mysore, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, with the request that the report called for may be submitted.	4th do	
4	On a reference from the Conservator of Forests, sanction was accorded to Rs. 300 being transferred to III Contingencies, in the Nagar Range, from certain sub-heads under the same major heads.	Do do	
5	In reply, copy of a Notification intimating that the privilege leave granted to Captain Jarrett, v. c., Deputy Conservator of Forests, Nagar Range, will be held to have terminated on the 12th October 1873, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
6	Two copies of the Proceedings of the Inspector General of Forests, during the month of October 1873, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	10th do	
7	An application from the Rev. E. Gasnier, Assistant Catholic Chaplain, Bangalore, for an additional supply, at cost price, of 100 cubic feet of teak timber, for the purpose of building a chapel, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Conservator of Forests.	12th do	
8	Referring to an application for the examination of Mr. Hicks, Assistant Conservator, in the lowerstandard for Hindustani, the attention of the Conservator of Forests was drawn to Notification No. 245, dated 5th instant, published in the *Mysore Gazette*.	15th do	
9	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was authorized to dispose of an unserviceable single-pole tent.	16th do	
10	Copy of communication from the Government of India, Agricultural Department, enjoining care in the selection of Forest Subordinates, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	17th do	
11	The sanction of the Government of India, in the Agricultural Department, was solicited to the promotion of Mr. I. Macpherson from the 2nd to the 1st grade of Assistant Conservators from 1st April 1874.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Copy of Government of India No. 1412, sanctioning the payment of Rs. 200 per mensem, to Mr. King, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, so long as he continues to act in the grade of Assistant Conservator, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	20th Dec. 1873.	
13	A copy of *Revcue des Eaux et Forets, Annales Forestieres*, No. 10, for October 1873, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for circulation and ultimate record.	23rd do	
14	Nine copies of a report (with plans) of the steeper slide and Tramway at Mundhole in the North-Western Provinces, received from the Government of India, Agricultural Department, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for distribution.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, January 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A bill for Rs. 387—12—0 in adjustment of the amount of freight paid in India on Europe stores supplied by the Secretary of State per S. S. "Othello," was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	3rd Dec. 1873.	
2	The Deputy Accountant General was requested to verify and return an application for pension on behalf of Vasudevaiya, late Amildar of the Dodballapur Taluk.	Do do	
3	As solicited by the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division, an estimate for Rs. 39 for the purchase of a necessary tent for the Civil Surgeon was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
4	On the representation of the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, the grant of a gratuity of Rs 250 to Mr. Le Febour, late a Sub-Overseer, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to the Military Assistant and the Deputy Accountant General on the subject of gratuities to men under five years' service, whose services are to be dispensed with in reduction of establishment.	Do do	
6	A bill for Rs. 6—8—8 in adjustment of the freight paid in India on the value of Europe stores supplied by the Secretary of State per S. S. "Nourmahal," was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
7	As solicited by the Nundydroog Commissioner, the refund of Rs. 2—1—6, being amount of tax erroneously collected from certain ryots, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
8	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to Ashtagram Commissioner on the subject of certain misappropriations made by the Agent for the management of the affairs of the Melkote temple.	Do do	
9	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was accorded to a refund of Rs. 8—0—11 in the Hoskote Taluk of the Bangalore District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
10	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, sanction was accorded to the entertainment of a temporary establishment for four months, from January 1874, at an aggregate cost of Rs. 444, for the purpose of weighing coffee in two taluks of the Hassan District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
11	At the solicitation of the President, Pete Municipal Board, sanction was accorded to the grant of Rs. 3,000 from the available balance of Municipal Funds towards the improvement of the Pete main drainage.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	As requested by Ashtagram Commissioner, sanction was accorded to a bill for Rs. 17½, the cost of ten pieces of daftar cloth required for use in the Mandya Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	6th Dec. 1873.	
13	Letter from Ashtagram Commissioner, forwarding certain correspondence on the subject of re-opening a Money Order Office at Saklespur, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for report as to the numbers of money orders issued at that place before the office was abolished.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was authorized to submit a bill for subsistence allowance to be granted to Sular Khan for the three months he was under suspension in connection with the Magadi riot case.	Do do	
15	In reply to Deputy Accountant General, who reported that two sets of plates for printing Mysore "Receipt Bill or Draft" adhesive stamp labels of the value of three annas and four annas were missing from the stock in the Accountant General's Office, Madras, that officer was referred to a notification which had been already issued on the subject, and he was authorized to recall the entire stock of labels of those values from the treasuries with a view to their being destroyed.	Do do	
16	On the representation of the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, an appropriation of Rs. 1,233 from Local Funds, General, towards the completion of a bridge over the Kodi of the Arlamallige tank, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th do	
17	In reply, an estimate for the repair of the Melkote Chatam was returned to Ashtagram Commissioner, with instructions as to the source from which the funds should be provided.	Do do	
18	Rs. 14—12—0 were remitted to the Agent, P. and O. S. N. Co., Madras, in adjustment of charges incurred on a case containing Annual Reports consigned to the Under-Secretary of State, London.	Do do	
19	Rs. 100 were remitted to Messrs. Oakes and Co., Madras, in payment of the 12th annual premium up to 13th January 1875, on the policy of insurance for the residence of the Chief Commissioner at Bangalore.	Do do	
20	In reply, a roll of 56 men of the Siledar Force who had elected for pension, and another of 43 men who had applied for gratuities, were returned to the Military Assistant.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Honorary Secretary of the Mysore Committee for the International Exhibition of 1874 was informed that Rs. 500 could be placed at the disposal of the Committee for the purchase of articles for the Exhibition.	Do do	
22	Rs. 250 on account of subscription from 1st June to 30th November 1873, to 90 copies of the "Kasimul-Akbar" were remitted to the Proprietor of the paper.	10th do	
23	Rs. 300, being a quarter's subscription in advance to the "Mysore Vrittanta Bodhini," was remitted to the Proprietor of the paper.	Do do	
24	The Deputy Accountant General was directed to place Rs. 500 at the disposal of the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner from Local Funds General of that District for the construction of a ferry boat and paths for the Gersoppa Falls.—Communicated to Secretary, Department Public Works.	Do do	
25	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department Under-Secretary's No. 3285, stating that His Excellency in Council did not think a	11th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	special general one anna label necessary in this Province, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.		
26	Copy of a printed report on the operations of the Money Order Department for the year 1872—73, was submitted to Financial Department Secretary.	12th Dec. 1873.	
27	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was requested to state on what authority the "Punitive Police Fund" referred to by him, had been kept out of the public accounts.	Do do	
28	The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press was directed to remit Rs. 105—11—10 to this office in adjustment of charges incurred on certain cases of printing materials received from London per S. S. "Seagull."	13th do	
29	Under circumstances represented by Nundydroog Commissioner, the refund of Rs. 10—6—9 to Shanbhog Ramaiya was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with refund bill.	15th do	
30	In reply, the President of the Cantonment and Town Municipal Boards was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner sanctioned his revised Budget for 1873—74 amounting to Rs. 80,462.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
31	As solicited by the Proprietor of the Mysore Vrittanta Bodhini, a further sum of Rs. 300, being another quarter's subscription in advance, was forwarded.	16th do	
32	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner approved of a reference made by him to the Superintendent of Stamps, Madras, calling for further information in regard to the Mysore stamps supposed to have been surreptitiously obtained from the Accountant General's Office, and he was requested to report the result as soon as possible to this office.	Do do	
33	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, the transfer to the pension list of Munshi Gundappa on Rs. 8—6—9 per mensem was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with application.	Do do	
34	The Mysore Budget estimates of receipts and disbursements for 1874—75 were submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department, for orders, and a copy was also furnished to the Controller General, Calcutta, as directed by Government.	Do do	
35	As solicited by the Officiating Superintendent of Inam Settlements, he was authorized to provide Rs. 240, being rent, for the premises occupied by his office, for the four remaining months of the current official year, from savings under the grant of travelling allowances.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	17th do	
36	On the representation of the Nundydroog Commissioner, the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 42 to a peon of the Police, Channapatna Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with application.	Do do	
37	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the construction of a market in the town of Chikmagalur estimated to cost Rs. 1,390, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
38	As submitted by the Nundydroog Commissioner, the refund of Rs. 1—2—0, being amount of land tax recovered in excess from one Nanjappa, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	19th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
39	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, the refund of Rs. 4–6–2, being amount recovered from one Venkatramana in excess, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	19th Dec. 1873.	
40	On the representation of the Nagar Commissioner, sanction was accorded to two bills aggregating Rs. 131–14–11 on account of printing forms for revenue defaulters required by the Chitaldroog and Shimoga Deputy Commissioners.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with bills for audit.	20th do	
41	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog, was requested to submit further information on the points noted, before the refund recommended by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, could be sanctioned.	Do do	
42	As recommended by the Officiating Judicial Commissioner, sanction was accorded to increasing the pay of the Jemadar attached to the Mysore District Jail from Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 per mensem by amalgamating the post of Jail Mutsaddi with his present appointment.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
43	Copy of a communication from the Financial Secretary, intimating that the Government of India were unable to sanction the grant to Madras Medical subordinates serving in this Province of travelling allowance when proceeding on public duty at the rate of 4 annas per mile, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	22nd do	*Vide* Part I, Financial, dated Aug. 1873. No.
44	Copy of letter from Madras Government, intimating that Mr. Garrett is entitled to a gratuity of Rs. 2,250 for his services as Kanarese Translator, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* entry No. 47, Part II, General, for Nov. 1873.
45	As solicited by the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Divison, a special contingent bill for Rs. 23, being amount required for making up mats for a Travellers' Bungalow, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	
46	On the representation of the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division, a gratuity amounting to Rs. 125 on behalf of Usman, a Police peon of the Shimoga Taluk, was sanctioned.	Do do	
47	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, gratuities aggregating Rs. 846 on behalf of three employés of his Division, were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
48	As solicited by the Officiating Director of Public Instruction, the payment of Rs. 3 per mensem for renting a house for the Taluk School at Yedahalli, commencing from 16th August 1873, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
49	As solicited by the Officiating Director of Public Instruction, the purchase of 50 tin boxes at a cost of Rs. 225 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
50	As solicited by the Officiating Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the expenditure of Rs. 380 required for the purchase of furniture for the Dispensary and Hospital at Kolar was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
51	On the representation of the Nundydroog Commissioner, the disbursement of Rs. 108 as a gratuity to a Revenue peon in his Division was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
52	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, a gratuity of Rs. 70 on behalf of Kasimsaib, a lascar, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
53	Copies of Government of India, Financial Department Resolution, regarding the inspection of District Treasuries by Commissioners of Divisions or other superintending Officers periodically, were forwarded to Commissioners of Divisions.—Republished in local Gazette.	23rd Dec. 1873.	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *January* 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras, were requested to register this Administration for six copies of an Anglo-Kanarese Manual Phrase book, which they proposed publishing.	3rd Dec. 1873.	
2	As solicited by Colonel Eliott, Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division, the sale by him of his house and grounds at Shimoga to a native merchant for Rs. 5,000, was sanctioned.	Do do	
3	Notification admitting certain lads as "medical pupils" from 20th October 1873, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	Do do	
4	The Officiating Director of Public Instruction was requested to state whether the relatives of one Ward *alias* Whittle, an inmate of the Lunatic Asylum, Madras, would be prepared to relieve this Administration of the cost of his maintenance from the 1st November last.	Do do	
5	Copy of a despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, submitting the indent of stores required for the use of the Mysore Government Press, received under Financial Department Endorsement No. 3320, dated 14th November 1873, was forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Press.	4th do	
6	Copy of a communication from the President, Pete Municipal Commission, requesting information as to whether the exemption from Municipal taxation accorded to the men of the Bar and Siledar Regiments should be extended to people living in private residences within the lines, was forwarded to the Military Assistant for opinion on the points raised by Dr. Orr.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Commissioner, Ashtagram, was informed that the settlement of the question of the boundary dispute between Yelandur and the Coimbatore District, was pending the preparation of a chart ordered to be prepared by the Madras Government.	Do do	
8	Copy of Resolution No. 4—121, dated 22nd November 1873, received from the Government of India, Home Department, requesting that the several Local Governments and Administrations will instruct Medical Officers to bear the subject of Drs. Fox and Farquhar's paper on the endemic skin diseases of India in mind and report upon it at the end of another year, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Mysore, whose attention was requested to para 2.	5th do	
9	On a reference from the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division, the price at which Tiger skins should be given up by the Treasury Officer was fixed at Rs. 3 per skin—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Government of India, in the Home Department, was informed that as no marriage certificates were received for the 3rd and	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order	Date of previous Orders.
	4th quarters of 1872, and the 1st and 2nd quarters of the present year, consequently no reports were made to Government.		
11	Copy of a communication from the Government of Madras, Military Department, intimating that the services of a second class Assistant Apothecary, and a first and second class Hospital Assistant had been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, for information.	5th Dec. 1873.	*Vide* Statement for Nov. No.
12	Monthly tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective Officers employed in Mysore and Coorg, with proportionate return for November 1873, was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department.	6th do	
13	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar, was informed that the rules for the levy of fees for the construction of masonry graves and erection of monuments in cemeteries, were not applicable in the case of Roman Catholic burial grounds.	5th do	
14	Copy of a communication from the Military Department, Fort Saint George, intimating that an exchange could be arranged between Assistant Apothecary Trutwein, and a Medical Subordinate of the same grade serving under the orders of that Government, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Mysore Division.	Do do	*Vide* Statement for Nov. No.
15	Notification appointing Puttu Rao Peshkar of Shikarpur and Swami Rao, Sheristadar of Sorab Magistrates of the 3rd class, within the meaning of Section 19 of Act X of 1872, and vesting them with the powers described in Section 22 of the Act, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	6th do	
16	A Public Service Transfer Receipt amounting to Rs. 82—6—8, being cost of dieting Mr. Ward, a lunatic, was forwarded to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George.	8th do	
17	A memorial and its enclosure from the Lady Superior of the Convent of the Good Shepherd, Bangalore, soliciting a grant-in-aid towards the erection of a suitable building as an Asylum for the accommodation of fallen women and girls, was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department.	10th do	
18	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department Secretary's No. 2492, G, forwarding copy of despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State, on the subject of the delay in complying with an indent for stationery stores, required by this Administration, was forwarded to Secretary, Department Public Works.	11th do	
19	In reply, Major Lindsay, Officer in charge of the Census Office, was directed to dispense with the services of his establishment, it being required no longer.	Do do	
20	Copies of Diary of Proceedings for the month of November 1873, were submitted to Secretaries to the Government of India, in the Foreign, Financial, and Home Departments.	Do do	
21	The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report the arrangements made for providing a food supply for the native troops at the approaching Camp of Exercise.	Do do	
22	The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, was requested to supply this Government with 1,500 lbs. of Hinganghat cotton seed.	Do do	
23	Copy of a communication from the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, intimating that the Accountant General, Madras, had	13th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	been directed to report at once to this office, the probable extent of a fraud committed by some of his employés, with the Court Fee stamps of this Province, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.		
24	Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras, were directed to furnish this office with three copies of "Legal Maxims" by P. Srinivas Rao.	13th Dec. 1873.	
25	The Compiler, Mysore Gazette, was directed to furnish three additional copies of the *Mysore Gazette* to the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Hassan.—Communicated to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	16th do	
26	As solicited by the Ashtagram Commissioner, the disbursement of Rs. 1,000, on account of the probable cost of work proposed to be carried out from December 1873 to February 1874, in connection with the elephant kaddahs, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
27	Referring to Government of India No 832, dated 26th April 1872, the Secretary in the Foreign Department was informed that no periodicals from England were obtained at the public expense for this Administration.	Do do	
28	Notification transferring Assistant Commissioner Srinivasaiengar, from the Chitaldroog to the Hassan District, was gazetted, and copies sent to Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nagar.	Do do	
29	The orders of the Officiating Chief Commissioner were communicated to Ashtagram Commissioner, on a petition of the ryots of Malvalli who petition for measures of relief in consequence of damage alleged to have been done to their crops by the failure of rain.	18th do	
30	The Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was directed to submit a proposition statement embodying certain arrangements made in the establishment of Daffedars in the Maharajdurga Taluk for orders.	Do do	
31	A charge allowance not exceeding one-tenth of the pay of the Inspector of Schools, 1 Circle, was sanctioned on behalf of Mr. Rice, Officiating Director of Public Instruction, during the period he conducted the duties of that office in addition to his own—Communicated to Offg. Director of Public Instruction, Deputy Accountant General, and the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
32	The Superintendent, Bombay Educational Society's Press, Bombay, was requested to forward 2 copies of the "Times of India Calendar and Directory" for 1874.	19th do	
33	The Superintendent, Lawrence Asylum Press, Madras, was requested to forward 4 copies of the Asylum Press Almanac, and eight Sheet Calendars for 1874.	Do do	
34	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's approval was conveyed to an amended copy of Municipal Bye-laws submitted by the President, Cantonment Municipal Board.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was directed to submit a draft notification embodying certain promotions and transfers of Amildars recommended by him for insertion in the local Gazette.	20th do	
36	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed, that the Chief Commissioner was unable to comply with the request of two individuals in the Chitaldroog District who pray for an exchange of land on the ground of high quit-rent.	Do do	
37	In reply, copy of a Notification issued on the subject of rewards for killing Tigers, Cheetahs and other wild animals, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General., Gazetted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
38	Copy of a communication from the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, intimating that the Madras Government were, for the reasons stated, unable to sanction the re-admission into the Madras Medical College of G. Devarajulu, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, for information.	23rd Dec. 1873.	Vide entry No. 39, Part II. Genl. for Nov. 1873.
39	In reply, a duplicate of this office letter No. 4374—132, G, dated 4th November 1873 soliciting sanction to the appointment of Captain Blair as Officiating Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore, and to the promotions consequent thereon, was forwarded to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General.	29th do	
40	The Secretary to Government, in the Foreign Department, was informed that the copy of the Cypher Code supplied to this office was in the Officiating Chief Commissioner's personal charge, and that it was properly secured under lock and key.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, January 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copy of communication from the Government of India, in the Home Department, applying to this Province the rules sanctioned for Coorg for the examination of Educational Officers in the Vernacular languages, was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction.	10th Dec. 1873.	
2	Five proposition statements received from the Director of Public Instruction, for certain new items provisionally entered in the Budget, were submitted for the sanction of the Government of India, Home Department.	15th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, January 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1873.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copy of a communication from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, requesting information as to the probable halting places of the Troops on their way to the Camp of Exercise, and the quantity of provisions likely to be required, was forwarded to the Quarter Master General of the Army, Madras, with the request that the information called for may be obligingly furnished.	4th Dec. 1873.	
2	Copy of a communication from the Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance, intimating that Rifles "short snider" had been received, and that 200 were to be despatched for the use of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was forwarded to the Commandant.	11th do	
3	Copy of a communication from the Officiating Quarter Master General, Madras, regarding the halting places of Regiments proceeding to the Camp of Exercise by rail, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
4	On the representation of the Military Assistant, the disbursement of a gratuity of Rs 657—0—0 to Risaldar Ranjitsing, was sanctioned, Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department No. 9, C, M, sanctioning the appointment of a young Cavalry Officer to the Siledar Force as Adjutant and Drill Instructor, was forwarded to the Military Assistant to report the result of his enquiry whether one Lieutenant Hooper was willing to accept the post.	18th do	
6	Copy of a Circular Memo regarding the movement of the 28th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry from Vellore, to take part at the Camp of Exercise in Bangalore, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for communication to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	22nd do	
7	Copy of a communication from the Secretary to Government, Military Department, Fort Saint George, requesting that the services of a Regiment of Mysore Siledar Horse may be placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief during the Camp of Exercise, was forwarded to the Military Assistant with the request that the requisition may be met as far as possible, as the object was one calling for the hearty co-operation of this Government.	23rd do	
8	Return of the Sawar and Bar Establishments for November 1873 was forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army, Fort Saint George.	Do do	
9	In reply, the Officiating Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was informed that the Officiating Chief Commissioner had no objection to the proposal to place a Volunteer Guard over the Treasury during the Camp of Exercise, provided that the necessary arrangements for detailing a Guard of the proper strength for that duty could be made, and that it be visited by Officers in accordance with Military Rule.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, January 1874.

H. W. WELLESLEY,
Offg Secretary.